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St. James's, November 19.

THE following Addreſs of the Chancellour, Rector, Principal, Dean of Faculty, Profeſſors and Maſters of the Univerſity of Glaſgow, has been preſented to his Majeſty by his Grace the Duke of Montroſe, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Harcourt, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bedchamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Univerſity of Glaſgow.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Chancellour, Rector, Principal, Dean of Faculty, Profeſſors and Maſters of the Univerſity of Glaſgow, joyfully embrace every Occaſion of expreſſing our unfeigned Attachment to your ſacred Perſon, Family and Government; and particularly beg Leave, in this critical Conjuncture, tho' expoſed to the Rage of our Enemies, to teſtify our Indignation, that upon your Majeſty's ſafe and happy Return to your Britiſh Dominions, agreeably to the ardent Wiſhes of all your faithful Subjects, you found this Part of the Kingdom inflamed with an unnatural and arrogant Rebellion, in Support of the groundleſs Claims of a Popiſh Pretender; Claims plainly everſive of all Law and Liberty, as well as of our holy Proteſtant Religion.

The deep Senſe we have of the many invaluable Bleſſings all your Subjects have enjoyed under a Succeſſion of Proteſtant Princes, and particularly under your Majeſty's juſt and merciful Government, by which all the Rights of your People, Civil and Religious, are ſecured, and even your profeſſed Enemies connived at, tho' liable to the Penalties of Laws, together with the lively Impreſſions we have of the Miſeries our Anceſtors endured under Popiſh Princes, raiſe in us the utmoſt Abhorrence of the abandon'd Wickedneſs and vile Ingratitude, or the miſerable Deluſion of thoſe of our Fellow-Subjects, who would again ſurrender every Thing dear to us as Men or Chriſtians, to arbitrary Power and a perfidious mercileſs Superſtition. But we truſt that the ſame benign Providence, which by the glorious Revolution under King William, of immortal Memory, ſo ſurprizingly delivered theſe Nations from thoſe Plagues, and opened a Way for your illuſtrious Houſe to the Throne of theſe Realms, will defeat the Deſigns of our Enemies at Home and Abroad, continue to us the Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's auſpicious Reign, and tranſmit the ſame to lateſt Poſterity, under Proteſtant Princes of your Royal Blood.

We beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that as our undiſguiſed Principles lead us to all Fidelity to your Majeſty, it ſhall always be our zealous Care to inſtil the ſame into the Youth committed to our Inſtruction.

We are, May it pleaſe your Majeſty,
Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful,
moſt faithful, and moſt
devoted Subjects.

The following Addreſs of the Biſhop, Dean and Chapter, and Clergy of the Church and Dioceſe of Bangor, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Bangor, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Biſhop, the Dean and Chapter, and Clergy of the Church and Dioceſe of Bangor.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

TO allow us, with the reſt of your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, to expreſs our utter Deteſtation of a moſt unnatural

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ural Rebellion raiſed in theſe Kingdoms againſt your ſacred Perſon and Government.

That the open and declared Enemies of this Country ſhould endeavour to interrupt your Royal Care for the Proſperity of it, and for the general Liberties of Europe, is no more than what in Time of War muſt be expected: That bigotted Papiſts, under the Influence of the Courts of France and Spain, ſhould deſire to bereave us of the free Exerciſe of our Religion, is no more than agreeable to the corrupted Principles of the Church of Rome: But that any Proteſtants, any Subjects of Great Britain, who have ſo many Years been bleſſed with the free Enjoyment of their Religion, their Liberty and Eſtates, under the mild and juſt Adminiſtration of Government in the Hands of your Majeſty and your Royal Father, ſhould again think of lifting up their Arms in Favour of a popiſh, abjur'd Pretender, is what nothing, but the higheſt Degree of Infatuation or Perfidy can account for; an Undertaking, which none but the moſt Profligate can Eſpouſe, and the moſt abandon'd Encourage or Foment. We diſdain their Principles, and abhor their Practice. We beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty of our warmeſt Zeal for your Service, and that we ſhall be ready, in the moſt effectual Ways, to exert our utmoſt Powers in Defence of our happy Conſtitution in Church and State, the Security of which we look upon as inſeparable from the Continuance of the Crown in your Royal Family.

May the great God of Heaven ward off the Blow now levell'd againſt it! May he grant your Majeſty a long and happy Reign over a Proteſtant and Free People; and raiſe up Princes of your Royal Houſe to be the Bleſſings of theſe Kingdoms to our lateſt Poſterity!

The following Addreſs of the Bailiffs, Burgeſſes and Commonalty of the Borough of Ludlow, in the County of Salop, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Hon. Richard Herbert, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Harcourt, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Bailiffs, Burgeſſes and Commonalty of the Borough of Ludlow, in the County of Salop, do moſt ſincerely congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions.

We beg Leave to declare our juſt Abhorrence of the unnatural Rebellion in the North, begun and carried on with an avow'd Intention of fixing upon your Majeſty's Throne a popiſh Pretender, whom we have ſolemnly abjured.

The Inſurrection of a Body of deſperate Highlanders, would not have ſpread this univerſal Alarm, were it not undoubtedly the Step taken to introduce the Execution of the general Plan, form'd by the united Councils of France and Spain, for the Deſtruction of the People of England: And for this plain Reaſon, that the People of England, truly ſenſible of the invaluable Bleſſings of Liberty, have long been the Guardians and Aſſertors of the Liberties of Europe, againſt the ambitious Views of thoſe Crowns.

In Times ſo full of Danger, when we are expos'd to the Calamities of a Foreign War, diſturb'd with Rebellious Inſurrections at Home, and threaten'd with powerful Invaſions from Abroad; Aſſurances however ſincere, and mere Words, are inadequate to the dreadful Miſchiefs we have to fear: We have therefore moſt ſolemnly engaged and bound ourſelves (together with thoſe your Majeſty's faithful Subjects of this County, who have aſſociated themſelves) in the Band of one firm and loyal Society, to ſtand by and aſſiſt each other, in the Support and Defence of your Majeſty's Perſon, Government and Family; on the Preſervation of which depend our Religion, Laws and Liberties.

May the Almighty Hand of Providence defend and keep your Majeſty, and give you the Victory over all your Enemies.

Given under our Hands, and the common Seal of the ſaid Borough, on Monday the Twenty-eighth Day of October, in the Year of Our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty five.

The following Addreſs of the Portreve, Bailiff, Officers, and principal Inhabitants of the ancient Borough of Great Bedwin, in the County of Wilts, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir Edward Turner, Bart. one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Portreve, Bailiff, Officers, and principal Inhabitants of the ancient Borough of Great Bedwin, in the County of Wilts, beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe and ſeaſonable Arrival in this Kingdom, and to aſſure your Majeſty of our inviolable Attachment to your Majeſty and your Government

vernment againſt all Invaders whatſoever, to the utmoſt of our Power.

We are much concern'd to find ſuch a dangerous Rebellion ſtirred up, which we hope in God will ſoon be defeated, and as ſoon as that happy Time ſhall come, we truſt that your Majeſty in your great Wiſdom, with the Advice of your Parliament, will take ſuch Meaſures as may ſecure our happy Conſtitution, and tranſmit thoſe Liberties we ſtill enjoy to our lateſt Poſterity.

Given under our Hands the firſt Day of November, in the Year of our Lord 1745.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Capital Burgeſſes, Clergy, Gentlemen, and others of the Borough of Tregoney, in the County of Cornwall, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Falmouth, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Capital Burgeſſes, Clergy, Gentlemen, and others of the Borough of Tregoney, in the County of Cornwall.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, beg Leave to expreſs our Zeal for your Majeſty, and our Indignation againſt your Enemies, when an unnatural Rebellion is actually carried on by a deſperate Body of traiterous Perſons in Arms, headed by the Son of an abjured Roman Catholick Pretender, and ſupported by an ambitious Tyrant, ruling a Nation impoveriſh'd by his deſpotick Power.

We think it our Duty to aſſure your Majeſty of our utmoſt Abhorrence of their Perſons and Actions; and that we look on our Intereſts, both Spiritual and Temporal, as neceſſarily connected with thoſe of your Majeſty, and the Settlement and Succeſſion of the Crown of theſe Realms in your illuſtrious Houſe; and that we are reſolved to defend, to the utmoſt of our Power, your Majeſty and your Family, againſt all Treaſons and ſeditious Attempts, which are, or ſhall be formed againſt your Perſon, and our eſtabliſh'd Laws; and to ſupport the Limitation and Succeſſion of the Crown in your Proteſtant Line; and ſincerely and vigorouſly to endeavour to extinguiſh all Hopes of the aforeſaid Pretender, and all other Pretenders, and all their Adherents.

May the great God of Hoſts that placed the Crown on your Head guide and direct your Troops! May the Proteſtant Faith be their Shield! And our ardent and conſtant Prayers ſhall be, That Heaven may long continue you to reign over a generous and free People.

We are, may it pleaſe your moſt Gracious Majeſty,

Your moſt affectionate and loyal Subjects.

The following Addreſs and Aſſociation of the Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, Freeholders and others of the County of Salop, having been tranſmitted by the Right Hon. the Lord Herbert, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, have by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs and Aſſociation his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, Freeholders and others of the County of Salop, who have aſſociated ourſelves in Defence of your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, beg Leave ſincerely to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Arrival in theſe your Britiſh Dominions, where your moſt gracious Preſence was ſo ardently wiſh'd, and ſo highly acceptable, at a Juncture when a horrid and unnatural Rebellion had been raiſed, and is ſtill carried on in Scotland, againſt your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, in Favour of a popiſh Pretender.

Our Duty to God, your Majeſty and our Country, calls upon us to expreſs our utmoſt Abhorrence of this raſh and deteſtable Attempt, to deprive us at once of our Religion, Laws and Liberty; and to aſſure your Majeſty, that we will, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, maintain and defend your Majeſty's Royal Perſon, the Succeſſion of the Crown in your illuſtrious Houſe, and our preſent happy Conſtitution, which has ſo remarkably flouriſh'd under your Majeſty and your Royal Father. We beg your Majeſty will graciouſly be pleaſed to accept of this our humble Addreſs, together with the Aſſociation hereunto annext, as a Teſtimony of our Zeal and Affection for your Majeſty's Perſon, Government and Family.

May the ſame Providence, which has ſo ſignally appeared on many Occaſions in Favour of this Nation, ſtill continue to protect your Majeſty, and ſtrengthen your Arm in the Defence of a Free and Proteſtant People.

Signed (by Order of the Aſſociators)

R. Baldwyn, Clerk of the Peace.

The

The Aſſociation.

WHereas there is now an horrid and unnatural Rebellion formed and carried on in Scotland, by Papiſts and other wicked and traiterous Perſons, countenanced and ſupported by the old and inveterate Enemies of our Country, and the Religion, Laws and Liberties thereof, (the Crowns of France and Spain) in order to dethrone his preſent Majeſty King George (the only rightful and lawful King of theſe Realms) and after having ſubverted our Religion, Laws and Liberties (which God forbid) to ſet upon the Throne a popiſh Pretender, a Dependant and Slave to thoſe tyrannous and corrupted Courts; We whoſe Names are hereunto ſubſcribed, and every of us, being of Opinion, that in Times ſo full of Danger and treaſonable Practices as theſe are, an Union of our Hearts and Forces will be moſt conducing to his Majeſty's Safety, and the publick Good of our Country, do voluntarily and willingly bind ourſelves, every one of us to the other, jointly and ſeverally, in the Band of one firm and loyal Society; and we and every one of us will ſtand by and aſſiſt each other in the Support and Defence of his Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, and will withſtand, offend and purſue, as well by Force of Arms as by all other Means, the ſaid popiſh Pretender and Traytors, and alſo all Manner of Perſons, of what State ſoever they be, and their Abettors, that ſhall attempt, act, council or conſent to any Thing that ſhall tend to the Harm of his Majeſty King George, or of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, or any of their Iſſue, or to the Subverſion of his Majeſty's Government: And we do by this Inſtrument declare, that no one of us ſhall, for any Reſpect of Perſons or Cauſes, or for Fear or Reward, ſeparate ourſelves from this Aſſociation, or fail in the Proſecution thereof during the ſaid Rebellion. Dated at Shrewſbery the 8th Day of October, in the Year of our Lord 1745, and in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Second, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

The following Aſſociations of the City and County of Glouceſter, and of the County of Glouceſter, have been preſented to his Majeſty by his Grace the Duke of Richmond, Maſter of the Horſe to his Majeſty: Which Aſſociations his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

The Aſſociation of the City and County of Glouceſter.

WHereas many wicked and traiterous Perſons, headed by the eldeſt Son of the Pretender, and encouraged and ſupported by the ancient and declared Enemies of this Country, have entred into an horrid and unnatural Rebellion againſt his Majeſty King George, with Intent to ſubvert our Laws, Religion, and Liberties, and to ſubject us to a popiſh Pretender, the Tool of France and Rome: We whoſe Names are hereunto ſubſcribed, being convinced that a firm Union of Hearts and Forces will moſt contribute to the Safety of his Majeſty's Perſon and Government, and to the Preſervation of the Trade, Freedom and Independency of this Kingdom, do voluntarily and firmly bind ourſelves, every one of us the one to the other, jointly and ſeverally, in the Bond of one loyal Society; and do hereby ſolemnly promiſe, that with our Lives and Eſtates, we and every of us will ſtand by and aſſiſt each other in Defence of his Majeſty and his Government, and will, as well by Force of Arms, as by all other effectual Means, oppoſe the ſaid Pretender and his Adherents, and all Perſons and their Abettors, who ſhall attempt, act, counſel or conſent, to any Thing tending to the Harm of his Majeſty King George, or any of his Royal Family: And for that Purpoſe, that we will aſſemble ourſelves as often as Occaſion ſhall require, upon the ſhorteſt Notice from the Lord Lieutenant; and in the mean time, will make uſe of our utmoſt Endeavours, every one of us in our ſeveral Stations, to preſerve and promote the Peace, Quiet and Loyalty of this City and County. All which we declare before God and the World we will faithfully and chearfully perform.

The Aſſociation of the County of Glouceſter.

WHereas many wicked and traiterous Perſons, headed by the eldeſt Son of the Pretender, and encouraged and ſupported by the ancient and declared Enemies of this Country, have entred into an horrid and unnatural Rebellion againſt his Majeſty King George, with Intent to ſubvert our Laws, Religion and Liberties, and to ſubject us to a popiſh Pretender, the Tool of France and Rome: We whoſe Names are hereunto ſubſcribed, being convinced that a firm Union of Hearts and Forces will moſt contribute to the Safety of his Majeſty's Perſon and Government, and to the Preſervation of the Trade, Freedom, and Independency of this Kingdom, do voluntarily and firmly bind ourſelves, every one of us the one to the other, jointly and ſeverally, in the Bond of one loyal Society, and do hereby ſolemnly promiſe, that with our Lives and Eſtates, we and every of us will ſtand by and aſſiſt each other in Defence of his Majeſty and his Government, and will, as well by Force of Arms, as by all other effectual Means,

Means, oppoſe the ſaid Pretender and his Adherents, and all Perſons and their Abettors, who ſhall attempt, act, counſel or conſent to any Thing tending to the Harm of his Majeſty King George, or any of his Royal Family: And for that Purpoſe, that we will aſſemble ourſelves as often as Occaſion ſhall require, upon the ſhorteſt Notice from the Lord Lieutenant; and in the mean Time will make uſe of our utmoſt Endeavours, every one of us in our ſeveral Stations, to preſerve and promote the Peace, Quiet, and Loyalty of this County. All which we declare before God and the World we will faithfully and chearfully perform.

Dated at Glouceſter this 23d Day of October, 1745.

Tripoly, Aug. 18. *O. S.* The Plague ſtill continues at Bengaſie, but this City and Parts adjacent are all in perfect Health.

Stockholm, Oct. 29. A Commiſſion is appointed, of which Admiral Riterſtolpe is Preſident, to try the Pyrate Dagenaer, who was brought hither a few Days ago, with his Son and two Swediſh Sailors.

Journal from the Court Quarters at Turnau, Nov. 5, *N. S.*

October 31. THE Left Wing being Yeſterday near Turnau, has purſued its March To-day into the Quarters of Cantonment in the Neighbourhood of Liebenau, where Prince Lobcowitz has eſtabliſhed his Head Quarters.

Nov. 1. The Quarters of Cantonment were regulated for the Right Wing, it being ordered at the Parole, that we ſhould march the next Day.

In the Afternoon his Highneſs Prince Charles went to the Camp of Baron Trenk, to ſee his Regiment exerciſed. He had formed only one Battalion of about 800 Men, and two Field Pieces at each Wing. They begun by exerciſing their Arms; after which they fired in Platoons, half and whole Diviſions, which was alſo performed in advancing and in retreating, accompanied with the Fire of the Cannon at each Diſcharge, the whole in Imitation of the Pruſſians. The Prince aſſured the Colonel he was very well ſatisfied, and one could not expect more from an irregular Troop, form'd into a Regiment but ſix Months ago.

The 2d, at Seven in the Morning, the Right Wing began to march, and each Regiment went from the Camp directly to the Village appointed for it to canton in, the Court Quarters being at Turnau.

Francfort, Nov. 11. It is expected that the Congreſs of Directorial Miniſters will be open'd To-morrow, notwithſtanding the Abſence of thoſe of Auſtria and Bavaria, who are expected in a little Time.

Francfort, Nov. 14. The Congreſs of Directorial Miniſters was open'd here on the 12th Inſtant, by a Propoſition, on the Part of the Elector of Mentz, wherein his Highneſs return'd his Thanks to the ſeveral Princes, Directors of the Circles of the Upper-Rhine, Franconia, and Swabia, for ſending their Miniſters hither upon his Invitation, and exhorted them to take the State of the Empire into their Conſideration, and to provide for its Defence and the Support of its Neutrality.

Frankfort, Nov. 14. Marſhal Traun has diſpatch'd Officers to the ſeveral Princes in whoſe Territories the Auſtrians muſt be lodged, to demand Quarters, and to deſire that Commiſſaries may be immediately ſent to provide Subſiſtance for the Troops, and regulate the Prices of the Rations and Forage. M. Palm is gone this Morning to Ratisbon, and will be ſucceeded here by Baron Ranſchwach, as Miniſter from the Emperor to the Circles. The French are retired from Worms and Spiers, within their own Limits, but nevertheleſs their Army receives conſiderable Reinforcements, and 17 or 18000 Men are in March from the Side of the Netherlands for the Moſelle and the Saar.

Copenhagen, Nov. 13, *N. S.* His Daniſh Majeſty has remitted his Thirds of a Ship which was ſtranded ſome time ago upon the Coaſt of Holſtein, and belonged to M. Dingley, a Merchant of the Ruſſia Company. Preparations are making for the Reception of the Court in Town next Tueſday the 16th Inſtant. The Margrave of Culmbach, Stadholder of Sleſwick Holſtein, is hourly expected with the Margravine, at Fridericksberg. The trading Fleet from the Baltick ſailed for England on the 8th inſtant, under the Convoy of the Pool, and the Hound Sloop, and had a very fair Wind for paſſing the Categat.

Copenhagen, Nov. 16, *N. S.* The Daniſh Courts continue ſtill in the Country, but every Thing is now ready for their Reception in Town. The Margrave who arrived the 13th Inſtant at Fridericksberg, went on the ſame Day to Hirſcholm. The Duke of Sunderburg is expected here very ſoon.

Dreſden, Nov. 14, *N. S* Lieutenant General Grun arrived here the 12th, and propoſes to return To-night to his Corps now quartered on the Territories belonging to the Courts of Reuſſen, but dependant on the Kingdom of Bohemia, ſo that the ſaid Detachment ſeems as yet not to have touched the Saxon Dominions. Count Rutowski retarded his Return to Eulenberg to confer with the ſaid Auſtrian General.

Berlin, Nov. 16. On the 14th Inſtant, the Regiment of Wurtemburg marched from hence for Magdeburg, whither all the Regiments that have been encamped near Halle, are going, in order to form an Army of 24000 Men upon the Saxon Frontiers there. The Day before Yeſterday Ten Pieces of Cannon, 12 Pounders and Six 24 Pounders, were embarked and ſent down the Elbe to the ſaid Town; as was alſo a large Boat loaded with Gunpowder. This Morning the Reigning Prince of Anhalt retaking the the Command of that Army, ſet out for Magdebourg. The Regiment of Bredow reentred Yeſterday to keep Garriſon here. From Sileſia we hear, that on the 4th Inſtant, Prince Leopold of Deſſau, upon Advice that the Auſtrian Troops intended to penetrate through Upper Luſatia into Sileſia, and had poſted themſelves

ſelves for that Purpoſe at Friedland, order'd the whole Army to march towards Hirsberg, and the adjacent Places, to prevent the Execution of that Deſign; General du Moulin only being left at Landſhut and Schweidnitz with nine Battalions, five Squadrons of Rochau, and ten Squadrons Huſſars of Rueſh. As the King of Pruſſia propoſes to head his Army again, ſo his Majeſty, the Prince of Pruſſia, Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick, and all the Generals who have been here, ſet out very early this Morning for Sileſia. General Buddenbrock is left behind, as is Marſhal Schmettau, and Margrave Charles, who continues to be conſumptive. The Corps under Colonel Franquini is ſaid to have been attacked near Libau in Sileſia, and to be diſperſed.

Weſtminſter, November 14.

His Majeſty came this Day to the Houſe of Peers, and being in his Royal Robes, ſeated on the Throne with the uſual Solemnity, Sir Charles Dalton, Gentleman-Uſher of the Black Rod, was ſent with a Meſſage from his Majeſty to the Houſe of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the Houſe of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majeſty was pleaſed to give the Royal Aſſent to,

An Act to raiſe the Militia of that Part of Great Britain called England, altho' the Month's Pay, formerly advanced, hath not yet been repaid; and to raiſe ſuch Part of the ſaid Militia, as ſhall be judged moſt proper, ready, and convenient.

Whitehall, November 18.

Letters from Marſhal Wade of the 15th Inſtant mention, that upon the News received by him of the Reſolution of the Rebels to return from Brampton, in order to make an Attempt upon Carliſle, it had been determined, in a Council of War held the ſame Day thereupon, to march on Saturday Morning the 16th Inſtant, by Hexham towards Carliſle.

Letters of the 14th Inſtant from Penrith mention, that it was affirmed by great Numbers of Perſons who were come thither from the Villages on the South and Weſt Sides of Carliſle, that the whole Rebel Army were endeavouring to ſurround that City. That they ſhot at every Body that fled from them, and that one Perſon had been killed, and that they were actually putting the Country under Military Execution.

That they ſeized all able bodied Men, Horſes and Carriages, and declared that they would force them to carry their Ladders to the Walls of Carliſle. That the Cannon of Carliſle were firing that Morning very briskly; that they had taken the four Light Horſemen upon their Return from Newcaſtle, who had been ſent to conduct the Quarter Maſter of the Rebels taken Priſoner near Carliſle, to Marſhal Wade. Letters of the ſame Date from Penrith at Nine o'Clock at Night mention, that the Rebels had approached ſo near Carliſle, that the Garriſon had thrown Granadoes at them, and that the Rebels had broke Ground about 300 Yards from the Cittadel, and at Spring Garden, near the Horſe Race Ground; and that they had been obliged to fetch Proviſions as far as Heckett, about five Miles from Carliſle.

Whitehall, November 18.

Letters dated the 15th of November from Penrith, give an Account, that a Perſon ſent from the Governor of Carliſle to Marſhal Wade, reported, that it was agreed that the Town ſhould be delivered up to the Rebels, but did not know the Conditions. The Governor was determined to defend the Caſtle to the laſt Extremity, and had prepared every Thing for that Purpoſe. It was ſuppoſed that he will be able to hold out Eight Days.

Whitehall, November 18.

Letters from Shap of the 15th Inſtant at Noon, mention, that the City of Carliſle ſurrendred at Ten o'Clock that Morning.

Whitehall, November 19.

By Letters received this Morning from Edinburgh of the 15th Inſtant, there is an Account of Lieutenant General Handaſyd's Arrival there the Day before from Berwick, with Price's and Ligonier's Regiments of Foot, and Hamilton's and Ligonier's Regiments of Dragoons. That the Magiſtrates had quartered the Foot and Part of the Horſe in that City. That the Rebels in the Shire of Perth were augmented to 700. Lieutenant General Handaſyd had left Brigadier Fleming to command at Berwick.

General Poſt Office, London, Nov. 12, 1745.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, *intitled,* An Act for eſtabliſhing a General Poſt-Office for all her Majeſty's Dominions, and for ſettling a Weekly Sum out of the Revenues thereof for the Service of the War, and other her Majeſty's Occaſions, *It is (amongſt other Things) enacted to the Purport and Effect following:* That there ſhall be one General Poſt-Office eſtabliſhed within the City of London, and one Maſter of the ſaid General Poſt-Office ſhall from time to time be appointed by her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, by Letters Patents under the Great Seal of Great Britain, by the Stile of her Majeſty's Poſtmaſter General; which ſaid Maſter, and his Deputies, and their Servants and Agents, and no other, ſhould have the Receiving, Carrying, and Delivering of Letters and Packets, to and from all Places in Great Britain and Ireland, North America, the Weſt-Indies, and other her Majeſty's Dominions, (except as in the ſaid Act is excepted;) And that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, or Body Politick or Corporate, in any Part of the ſaid Kingdoms, Plantations and Colonies in the Weſt-Indies and America, other than ſuch Poſtmaſter-General appointed as aforeſaid, and his Deputy or Deputies, or Aſſigns, ſhould preſume to receive, take up, order, diſpatch, convey, carry, recarry, or deliver any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets of Letters (other than as in the ſaid Act is excepted) or make any Collection of Letters, or ſet up or employ any Foot-Poſt, Horſe Poſt, or Packet-Boat, or other Veſſel or Boat,

Boat, or other Perſon or Perſons, Conveyance or Conveyances whatſoever, for the receiving, taking up, ordering, diſpatching, conveying, carrying, re-carrying, or delivering any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets of Letters, by Sea or Land, or on any River within her Majeſty's Dominions (other than as in the ſaid Act is excepted) on Pain of forfeiting Five Pounds of Britiſh Money for every ſeveral Offence, and alſo the Sum of a Hundred Pounds of like Money, for every Week that any Offender ſhall continue to act againſt the Tenor of the ſaid Statute.

And whereas, his Majeſty's Poſtmaſter General *have ſettled and eſtabliſhed* Packet-Boats, *to carry, recarry and convey, Letters and Packets to and from* England, *to and from the Iſlands of* Jamaica, Barbadoes, Antegoa, Monſerrat, Nevis, *and* St. Chriſtopher's, in America;

This publick Notice is hereby given thereof, to warn all Perſons whatſoever from preſuming to take upon them to act contrary to the Intent *and* true Meaning *of the ſaid* Statute, *and from preſuming, under any* Colour *or* Pretence *whatſoever, to* collect, receive, take up, order, diſpatch, convey, carry, recarry, *or* deliver *any* Letter *or* Letters, Packet *or* Packets *of* Letters, *(except as in and by the ſaid* Act *is excepted) that for the future may be directed to, or come from any of the Iſlands above-mentioned (without a lawful* Authority *firſt had and obtained from his* Majeſty's Poſtmaſter General *for that Purpoſe) as they would avoid ſuch Proſecutions as may and muſt enſue for the* Recovery *of ſuch* Penalties *as are inflicted by the ſaid* Act *for all and every Offence or Offences above ſpecified and recited.*

By Command of the Poſtmaſter-General,
George Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

Notice is hereby given to the Petty Officers and Seamen who were on board his Majeſty's Ship Solebay, at the Time of the Capture of the Spaniſh Regiſter Ship the Concordia, that they may receive their reſpective Shares of the Third and Fourth Payment of the ſaid Prize, (the Third Payment being for their Share of the Money found in breaking up the Ship, and the ſecreted Money found in the Indigo, and the Fourth Payment being for Proceeds of the Indigo) at Mr. Richard Bowery's Houſe in Chequer Yard without Aldgate, on Wedneſday the 4th of December next, between the Hours of Ten in the Morning, and Two in the Afternoon; and that thence forward the Shares that ſhall not then have been paid, may be received at the ſame Place the firſt and ſecond Wedneſday in every ſucceeding Month.

November 12, 1745.

Whereas John Weſt, late of London, Scrivener, and Frances his Wife, both deceaſed, did in their ſeveral Life Times convey to the Governors of Chriſt Hoſpital, London, divers Eſtates in and about the City of London, and elſewhere, for the annual Payment of Five Pounds to poor Men and Women, of the Age of Fifty Years or upwards, during their natural Lives, and have directed that their Relations by Conſanguinity ſhall have Preference; The Governors of the ſaid Hoſpital therefore hereby give Notice, that if any Perſon or Perſons, related to the ſaid John Weſt, or to Frances his Wife as aforeſaid, who ſtand in Need or deſire the Benefit of the ſaid Charity, ſhall not, in Forty Days from the Day of the Date hereof, apply themſelves to the ſaid Governors, at the Compting-Houſe in the ſaid Hoſpital, and make out their Relation to the Donors, they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Charity.

Wm. Brocket.

The following Eight Gentlemen are choſen Directors of the Hand-in-Hand Fire Office, for the Year enſuing, viz.

Mr. John Applebee,	Mr. Jonathan Buttall,
Mr. Thomas Cromwell,	Mr. Charles Carleton,
Mr. Matthew Dove,	Mr. John Payne,
Mr. Bartholomew Payne,	Mr. Thomas Scott.

The Sixteen following are continued according to the Deed of Settlement.

Mr. Benjamin Cowley,	Henry Dry, Eſq;
Mr. John Evans,	Mr. Allen Evans,
Mr. Paul Ferris,	Mr. John Greene,
Mr. Thomas Haddon,	Mr. Matthew James,
Mr. Francis Hall,	Mr. Richard Jefferys,
Mr. John Johnſon,	Mr. Robert Maberly,
Mr. William Mount,	Mr. Benjamin Timbrell,
Richard Ricards, Eſq;	Mr. Walter Turner.

Advertiſements.

This Day is publiſh'd, (Price 6 *d.*)
The Second Edition, *of*

THE Biſhop of *LONDON*'s Paſtoral Letter to the People of his Dioceſe; Particularly, to thoſe of the two great Cities of London and Weſtminſter.

Occaſion'd by our preſent Dangers; and exciting To a ſerious Reformation of Life and Manners.

With a Poſtſcript; ſetting forth the Danger and Miſchiefs of Popery.

Printed by E. Owen in Amen Corner.

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Anthony Allen, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Breame's Buildings, Chancery Lane, on Friday the 6th of December next, between Five and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, All the Right, Title and Intereſt of Richard Norwood, as Executor of Daniel Omer, late of Uxbridge, in the County of Middleſex, Mealman, deceaſed, of and in two Meſſuages or Tenements, with the Appurtenances, at Speldhurſt in Kent, late the Eſtate of Benjamin Skinner, of the ſame Place, Brewer, and by him mortgaged to the ſaid Richard Norwood. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Houſe.

TO be Sold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Anthony Allen, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Breame's Buildings, Chancery-lane, The Real Eſtate of Mr. Thomas Fairthorne, deceaſed, conſiſting of a Freehold Meſſuage and Lands, ſituate at Watchfield, in the County of Berks, and now Lett to one Tenant at 66 l. per Annum. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Houſe.

TO be Lett by Leaſe, purſuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, Two Meſſuages or Tenements ſituate on the Eaſt Side of Poland Street, in the Pariſh of St. James, Weſtminſter, now in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. Gately and Doctor Sandalan, abutting Weſt on Poland Street, being the ſixth and ſeventh Houſes from Philamot Street, late Part of the Eſtate of Sir Benjamin Maddox, Bart. deceaſed, for the Term of Forty nine Years, Eleven Months and Twenty Days, commencing at Chriſtmas 1748; and alſo for the Term of Forty eight Years, Eleven Months and Twenty Days, commencing at Chriſtmas 1798, at the yearly Rent of 15 s. for each Houſe. Any Perſon willing to take ſuch Leaſe, are to lay Propoſals before Henry Montague, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, containing the moſt Money they are willing to give by way or in Nature of a Fine for the Granting the ſame.

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